



FAR EAST SIDE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PANEL

BRIEFING BOOK JULY 23-24, 2019 INDIANAPOLIS INDIANA



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The Urban Land Institute

The Urban Land Institute provides leadership in responsible use of land and in creating and sustaining thriving communities worldwide. Founded in 1936, ULI is an independent global nonprofit supported by members representing the entire spectrum of real estate development and land use disciplines.

ULI Indiana is one of 53 ULI District Councils in North America. There are also ten (10) in Europe and six (6) in Asia.

Members say we provide information they can trust and that ULI is a place where leader come to grow professionally and personally through sharing, mentoring, and problem solving.

ULI Indiana's Technical Assistance Panels

A multidisciplinary real estate forum, ULI facilitatesan open exchange of ideas, information, and experience among industry leaders and policy makers dedicated to creating better places. ULI focuses on outreach to encourage creative, practical solutions for the most challenging issues facing today's urban, suburban, and rural communities around the world.

At the national level, no program embodies this mission more than Advisory Services Panels, which work with communities to:

- Deliver fresh insights and discover innovative solutions to complex real estate development and land use challenges;
- Provide candid and unbiased input from expert land use professionals who volunteer their time and expertise to serve as panelists; and
- Kickstart critical conversations and deliver results, and in a concentrated oneweek effort.

Technical Assistance Panels, or TAPs, are the District Council version of ULI's national Advisory Services program. TAPs bring together the best and brightest from Indiana's diverse membership—developers, planners, financiers, market analysts, economists, architects, designers, and public officials—to provide practical solutions and objective advice not available from any other source.

An expert ULI TAP panel usually convenes in a community for 1-2 days to address a specific land use and development issue. The experts are drawn from the ULI Indiana's membership, and selected for their expertise related to the specific development issue. By the end of the process, their thoughts, discussions, and process are documented in a report to the sponsoring organization. More information on ULI Indiana's TAP program, including past reports, can be found at http://indiana.uli.org/taps/.



In coordination with the City of Indianapolis, the Glick Foundation, the Finish Line Youth Foundation, and the Community Alliance of the Far Eastside (CAFE), the Urban Land Institute's Indiana Chapter was asked to form an expert panel to address implementation of several urban planning, zoning, and design recommendations made over the years concerning Indianapolis' Far East Side neighborhoods.













Indianapolis's Far Eastside neighborhood is a working-class community ten miles from downtown, located outside the city's interstate What obstacles, or what informs, your decisions to invest/build in the Far Eastside? beltway. Once an outer ring suburb, it's has transformed over the last few decades into an urban community—diverse, largely residential, but with an industrial sector concentrated in its southern portion and a proud cohort of local businesses. What City/Community Stakeholder support & capacity (or infrastructure) would you need to exist to invest in Far Eastside new development? Over time, the challenges of attracting willing development partners who already view the Far Eastside as severely disinvested with diminishing return on redevelopment investment have increased to the point new development is at a standstill. Faced with increasing What sort of development would lead to tangible economis development benefits for the Far Eastside in your opinion? 3. concern for neighborhood stability and future growth, leadership and the community members are interested in forging forth with a comprehensive land use plan that champions human center design for the most vulnerable, forgotten populations. Asssuming the Far Eastside could attract a new wave of homeowners based on a 20 minute/outer ring neighborhood Therefore, at this convening of the Far Eastside's urban Land Institute TAP, we hope to discover given the planned construction of strategy, what would that investment or development look like to you?

IndyGo's Purple Line bus rapid transit route, what investments in real estate and public infrastructure improvements (and action steps) would be needed to catalyze transit-oriented redevelopment and equitable economic opportunity along the 38th Street and Post Road corridors?

5

How can organizations be motivated to support TOD/Affordable Housing developments?





July 23, 2019 Day 1

11 am	Site Tour
12 pm	Panelists Meet with Client Group
	Lunch
:30 - 5 pm	Interviews
5 - 7 pm	Panelists Discussion

July 24, 2019 Day 2

9 am - 4 pm	Panelists Discussion / Development
4 pm	Presentation



PANELISTS



Jen Higginbotham: Principal Planner, MPO

Jen Higginbotham, AICP joined the Indianapolis MPO in January, 2013. She holds a Bachelor of Urban Planning and Development from Ball State University, and has worked on both the private and public side of planning. She has been involved in the creation of comprehensive plans, land use ordinances, thoroughfare plans, downtown plans, parks master plans, transit planning, bikeway and pedestrian planning, and has substantial experience with public engagement. Her main responsibilities with the Indianapolis MPO include oversight of the Planning section, including maintaining, amending, and updating the Long Range Transportation Plan, and oversight of bikeway, pedestrian, transit, freight, and other planning processes.



Keith Broadnax: Senior VP - Business Development, Cinnaire

Keith Broadnax joined Cinnaire in 2002 and serves as Senior Vice President-Business Development for Illinois and Indiana which includes originating Low Income Housing Tax Credits and multi-family debt. Mr. Broadnax also has experience as an underwriter of multi-family developments. Mr. Broadnax holds a Bachelor's Degree from Northern Kentucky University and a Master's Degree in Urban and Regional Planning from Ball State University.





Kris Butler-Farrar: Chief Operating Office, Old Town Campanies

Kris (Butler) Farrar is Chief Operating Officer at Old Town Companies where she oversees the company's strategic growth and manages all aspects of the development of Provenance, a master-planned mixed residential community in connection with Purdue University. Prior to Old Town, Kris has served as Deputy Director of the Indianapolis Bond Bank, Executive Director of the Fort Harrison Reuse Authority and Executive Director of the Greater Lawrence Chamber of Commerce. Her work with stakeholders, State and local leaders led to redevelopment of 16 Tech, Central State Hospital, and Fort Benjamin Harrison.





Samantha Spergel: Director of Real Estate Production, Indiana Housing & Community Development Authority Samantha L. Spergel has worked at Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority (IHCDA) since January 2016 as the Director of Real Estate Production, where she oversees the Agency's allocation policies and provides policy oversight on the HOME Investment Partnerships Program Grant, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) housing activities and CBDG-Disaster Recovery housing activities, the National Housing Trust Fund, and the Lead Protection Program — HUD programs which focus on the construction and preservation affordable housing across the State of Indiana. Samantha also oversees the Consolidated Planning process for IHCDA. Samantha manages technical assistance and capacity building efforts, targeting local units of government and non-profits, to provide regulatory guidance, management training and insight into community development innovations.



Catherine Esselman: Senior Project Manager, Indy Chamber

Catherine Esselman serves as a Senior Project Manager at Develop Indy, focusing on 1st floor commercial/retail space in key corridors in Indianapolis. Previously, she was Director of Real Estate for Downtown Indy, Inc. She also is on the board of Southeast Community Services, LISC Indianapolis and Project Purse Indianapolis. Catherine and her son spend all of their time eating and playing their way thru Downtown and Midtown



Pete Fritz: Healthy Communities Planner, Indiana State Department of Health

Pete Fritz is the Healthy Communities Planner with the Indiana State Department of Health, Division of Nutrition and Physical Activity. He has a passion for working with project stakeholders in planning and designing great communities with a focus on promoting healthy, active lifestyles through changes to policies and the built environment. Pete has a unique background in community planning and landscape architecture, having worked in both the public and private sectors.

Amadou Sidibe - CDM Smith Evan Tester - King Park CDC Brad Beaubien - City of Indianapolis Brvan Conn - IFF Cam Kucic - Colliers Cheria Caldwell - CAFÉ Christine Owens - Town of Cumberland Dr. Sana Kwon - Dentist Ashlev Virden - Mindtrust Fellow Earl Phalen - Phalen Academy Ellie Lindhiem - Carriage House Tedd Grain - LISC Gary Reiter - BMO/TOD Fund George Okantey - Purdue Extension lan Nicolini - Develop Indy Jeff Bennett - City of Indianapolis Jennifer Sparks - EY Jim Walker - Big Car Eduardo Luna - Bia Car Justin Ferguson - Ball State University Karen Lightbourne - Community Hospital Kateri Whitley - PCR Keith Graves - City County Counselor LaKeisha Jackson - City County Counselor

Megan Murphy - Circle City Prep Melissa Day - Cushman Michelle Mahaffey - Simons Nate Lichti - United Way Pastor Martin - Santuary Church Pastor Robinson - Mt. Paraban Pastor Williams - Mt Carmel **Rep Shackleford - State Rep** Sam Odle - Bose Policy/IPS Steve Talley - Lawerence Steven Meyer - King Park CDC Vernon Brown - Warren Myron Duff - CAFÉ Board, IUPUI Lori Edwards - CAFÉ Board Tom Crouch - CAFÉ Board Judy Ferguson - CAFÉ Board, Span Oaks, Plaza Urbana Rob Evans - INHP Joe Hanson - INHP John Kunzer, MD, MMM - Community Physician Network Tom Burck - Celedon Joe Bowling - Englewood CDC Michael Kaufman - Eskenazi Mike Halstead, AIA - Halstead Architects Sara Zike - United Way

Harold Johnson - Old National David McGuire - Tinley Summit Maggie Lewis - Boys & Girls Club Julie Burns - Jump In Nicole Beasley - Cathedral Larry Williams, Jr. - Indianapolis Black Chamber of Commerce Gustavo Escalante - Hispanic Biz Council Manar Indy Chamber Samantha Doualas - FECC

COMMUNITY HISTORY

A relatively young community, the Far Eastside area consists of residential neighborhoods that were platted in the '50s, '60s, and '70s as a result of the postwar housing boom. Before the post war boom, the Far Eastside consisted of farm land and large corn fields. The development of the railroads in 1847 quickly established new reservoir towns which included the City of Lawrence. Majority of the population were middle class families that wanted to live in an area where housing was affordable and yet still new. In addition, there were military families living at Fort Benjamin Harrison in the City of Lawrence. During the post war industrial development, Warren Township created a market for affordable houses. One of the main streets where affordable housing was available was Post Road. Post Road was originally named Fort Benjamin Street because of the connectivity it has to Fort Harrison through the City of Lawrence. In addition to affordable housing employment opportunities offered by the warehouses and plants such as Western Electric, Chrysler Auto Plant, White Pages, and Jenn-Air was a main attraction.

The early 1980's brought the most significant change for the Far Eastside with the closing of these major employers. The closing of these plants was a momentous economic blow to the area. It became a domino effect after the major companies in the area closed down. The entertainment forum, the Pendleton Pike drive inn movie theater, closed down in 1993. After this rippling effect, many of the grocery Stores have come and gone. Fort Benjamin Harrison also provided many jobs to military families and through their Finance Center employed civilians. Although the military base Ft. Harrison closed in 1996 the Finance Center is still open. Ft. Harrison also has easy access to Interstate 70 and 465 which provides a quicker transportation method for residents to get to and from work whether downtown or across the city. The community had become intriguing due to the government systems that surrounded it. In 1970 Indianapolis consolidated with the government of Marion County and adopted the name Unigov. This system was the consolidation of the city-county government which includes eleven towns. As a result, the Far Eastside is constructed of three fire and law enforcement entities, three school districts, two township jurisdictions, and two municipal jurisdictions. Residents in the Far Eastside are increasingly young, with over one-third of the population under the age of eighteen. Over the last twenty years, the Far Eastside has also significantly changed from a community of virtually all homeowners to an even mix of homeowners and renters. The community has seen a major demographic change from a primarily white population to a more racially mixed population.

COMMUNITY TIMELINE

- 1849 Lanesville platted near Bee Line Railroad & Pendleton Pike
- 1866 Lanesville's name is changed to Lawrence
- 1903 Fort Benjamin Harrison is established on 2,000 acres of land north of town of Lawrence
- 1929 Lawrence is incorporated
- 1940 Lawrence drive inn opens
- 1950's Western Electric, Ford and Chrysler plants open on Shadeland Avenue
- 1953 Finance Center opens at the Fort bringing approximately 10,000 civilian and military employees
- 1960 Northeastwood Development built, housing consists of National prefab homes
- 1963 First African American family moves into community
- 1967 George Fisher Elementary School IPS #93 opens
- 1968 John Marshall High School opens

- 1970 Fort Ben annexed by city of Lawrence Unigov is approved by Indianapolis making Lawrence an "excluded city" Northeastwood Youth Football Association formed
- 1973 IPS #113 opens in what is now Imagine Life Science Academy East Completion of I-70 connecting community to Far Eastside
- 1974 Washington Square Mall opened
- 1981- Chrysler plant closes, 11,000 jobs lost
- 1983 38th Shadeland Community Association formed
- 1986 Celadon Trucking opens
- Western Electric Plant closes
- 1987 Lawrence hosts Pan Am Games
- 1988 Re/Max advantage office opened
- 1990 Reuben F. Glick Little League Center opens
- 1991 Finish Line opens
- 1993 Pendleton Pike drive inn closes

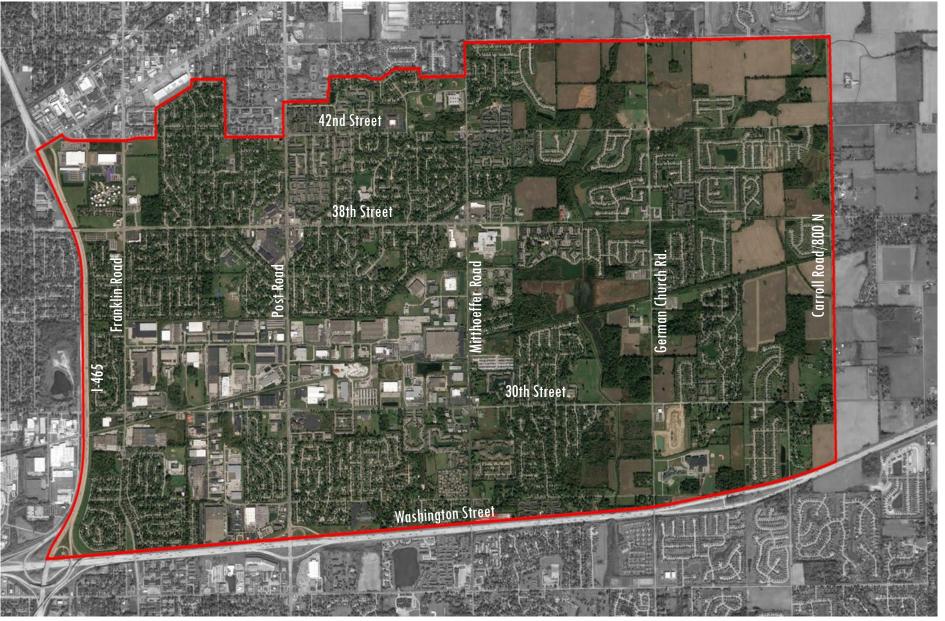
- 1995 Rock of Faith Church opens

- 1997- CAFE Incorporated
- 1998 Fervent Prayer Church & Christian school and daycare opens
- Rock of Faith church, and many homes affected
- 2003 Far Eastside Neighborhood Center opens
- Andrew J. Brown Academy opens
- Rock of Faith rebuilt after 2002 tornado
- 2004 Eastgate Consumer Mall closed
- Winding Ridge Elementary School opens

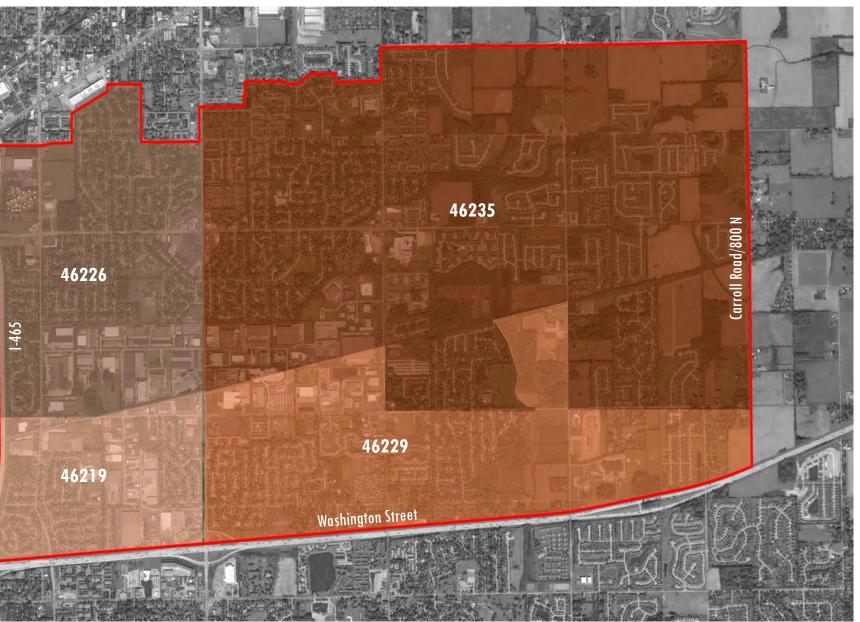
- 1994 Ameritech White Pages closes
- St. Simon moved to Northside
- 1996 Maytag/Jenn-Air plant closes (last stove made)
- Far Eastside Neighborhood Plan completed
- 1997 Fort Harrison closes as army instillation
- 2002 Tornado hits Far Eastside; Amber Woods, John Marshall School,

- 2005 La Plaza moved to the Far Eastside
- 2006 Pendleton Pike Redevelopment plan completed
- 2007 Monument Lighthouse Charter School opens
- 2008 Tornado hits Far Eastside
- U.S. Dream Academy moves in community
- 2009 Kroger grocery store closes Monarch Beverage moves to Far Eastside
- 2010 Citadel of Faith Church of God in Christ opens
- 2011 Kroger gas station closes Genesis Casket Company opens Far Eastside starts QOL planning begins

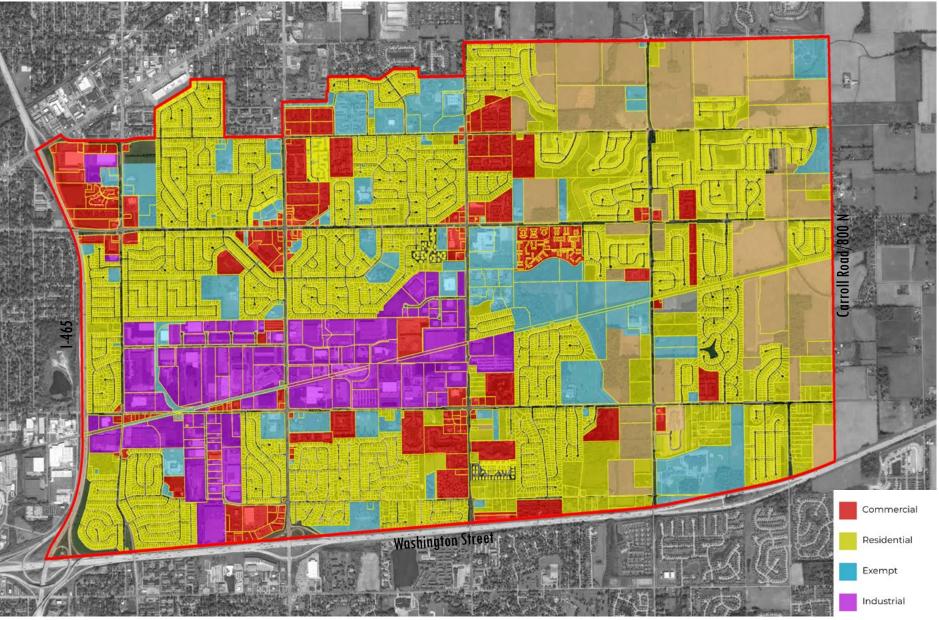
STUDY AREA MAP



STUDY AREA ZIPCODES

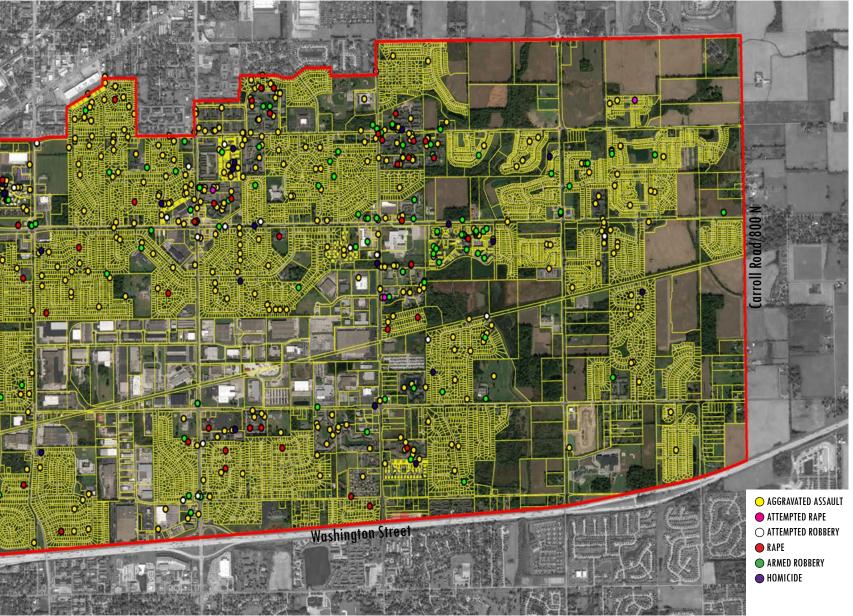


CURRENT LAND USE

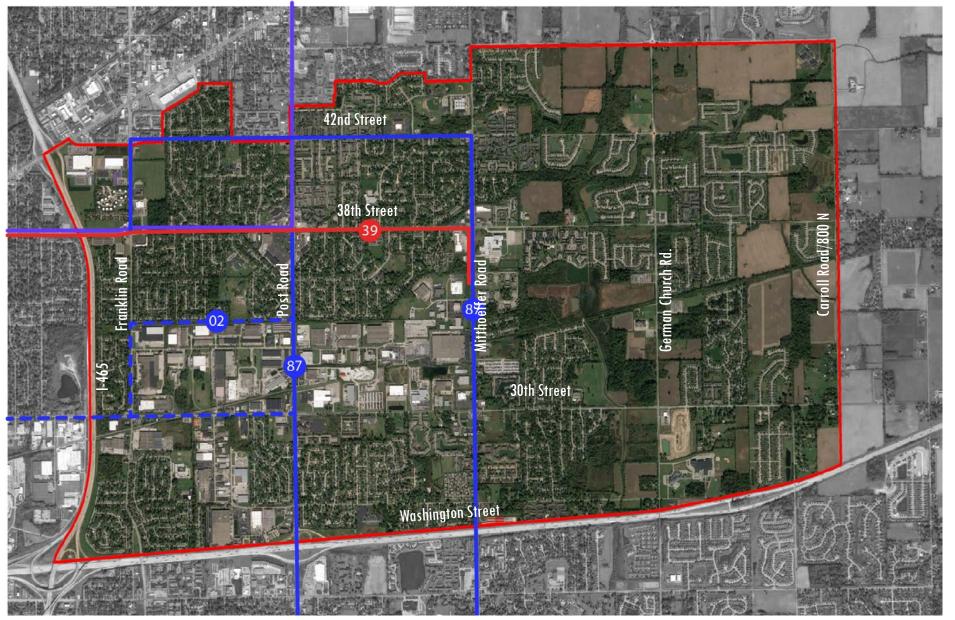


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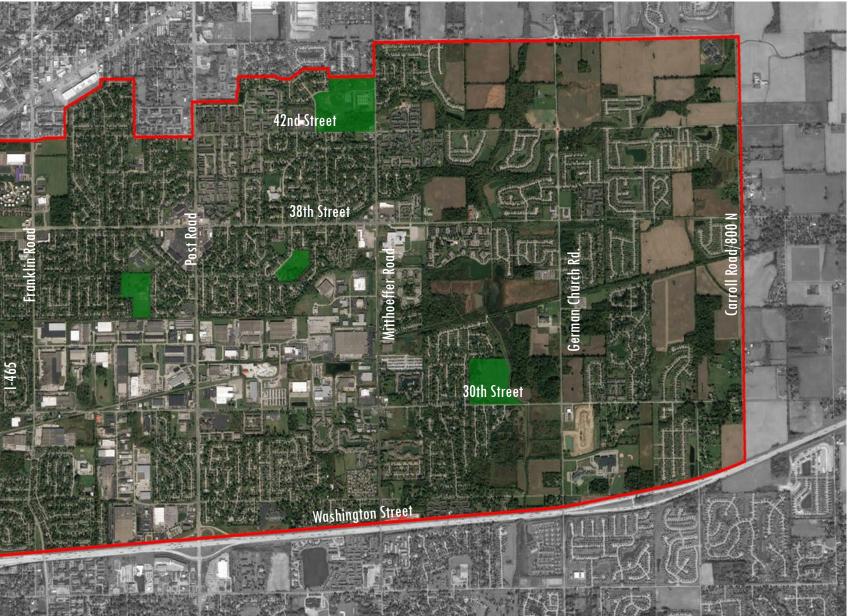
CRIME STATISTICS







GREEN SPACE



DFMOGRAPHICS

Far Eastside Indianapolis Population Demographics

Total Population	57,841
Male Population	26,743
Female Population	31,097

34	
53,136	
1,756	
2,948	
	53,136 1,756

Moved from Abroad	376	
Moved from Same Country	5,699	
Moved from Same State	754	
Moved from Different State	675	
Same House as Last Year	49,613	

Population	Male Population 46.24 % Female Population 53.76 %
Citizen	 Citizen US Born 91.87 % Citizen not US Born 3.04 % Not Citizen 5.1 %
Moved	 Moved from Abroad 0.65 % Moved from Same Country 9.85 % Moved from Same State 1.3 % Moved from Different State

1.17 % Same House as Last Year 85.77 %

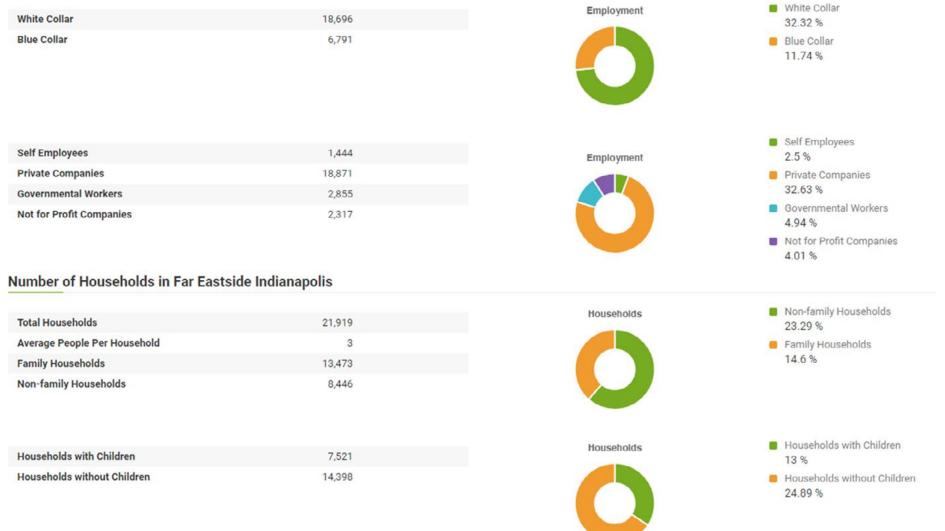
White Collar Blue Collar

Self Employees **Private Companies**

Total Households Family Households

DEMOGRAPHICS

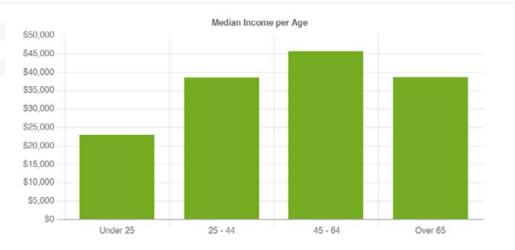
Occupational Employment in Far Eastside Indianapolis



DEMOGRAPHICS

Median and Average Income in Far Eastside Indianapolis

Average Household Income	\$55,438.97	
Median Household Income	\$37,828.00	
People below Poverty Level	12,676	
People above Poverty Level	44,053	
respie aborer oreny acres	1,000	



Housing in Far Eastside Indianapolis

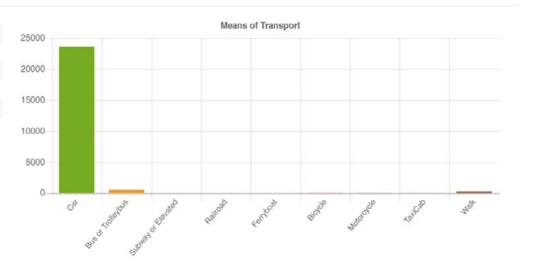
Housing Units Median Year Bui Built in 1939 or 1 Built between 19 Built between 20 Built between 20

Occupied House Owner Occupied Renter Occupied

With Mortgage Without Mortga Median Value w Median Value w Median Housing

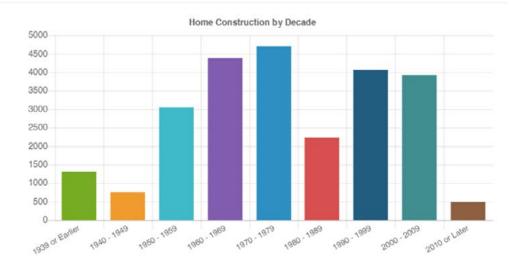
Means of Transport to Work in Far Eastside Indianapolis

3,622
550
28
18
13
278



DEMOGRAPHICS

	24,905	
ilt	1972	
Earlier	1,310	
940 and 1949	758	
950 and 1959	3,050	
960 and 1969	4,380	
970 and 1979	4,699	
980 and 1989	2,233	
990 and 1999	4,060	
000 and 2009	3,928	
Later	486	



sing Units	21,919	
ed	11,838	
ied	10,081	

8,712	
3,126	
\$105,200.00	
\$82,200.00	
\$793.00	
	3,126 \$105,200.00 \$82,200.00

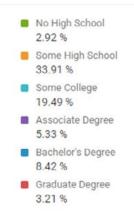


DEMOGRAPHICS

Far Eastside Indianapolis Education Statistics

No High School	1,687	
Some High School	19,616	
Some College	11,273	
Associate Degree	3,083	
Bachelor's Degree	4,869	
Graduate Degree	1,856	





Marital Status in Far Eastside Indianapolis

Never Married	18,786
Married	17,230
Separated	1,116
Widowed	2,285
Divorced	5,445





FOCUS AREA



BOUNDARIES



LAND USE





FAR EAST SIDE 29

VACANCY



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CRIME STATISTICS





PAST PLANS

FAR EASTSIDE SUCCESS INITIATIVE - 2018

Vision	NORTH POST
• youth are prepared for career success	
• families pursue opportunity and reach financial self-sufficiency	<u>CITY OF IND</u>
• the Far Eastside supports is a great place to live, work and play	CENTRAL IN
Goals	CENTRAL IN
1. Develop a strong education pipeline from birth to career.	INDY FAST T
• Increase access to high-quality early childhood education on the Far Eastside.	
• Develop excellent schools that prepare students for post-secondary education and career pathways.	EAST 38TH S
• Increase the number of students that obtain a high-quality, post-secondary degree.	
2. Develop a coaching and educational model that empower families to reach financial, career and life goals.	FAR EASTSID
• Increase the education and skills of families to obtain living-wage employment.	Vision
• Transform Carriage House East into a community of hope and empowerment.	• enhance the
3. Improve the quality of life on the Far Eastside.	• embracing
• Strengthen local capacity to accelerate the implementation of the Far Eastside Quality of Life Plan.	• promoting
• Create conditions that attract, retain and develop residents with a high-quality, post-secondary degree.	• facilitating
	• creating mo
FAR EASTSIDE COLLECTIVE IMPACT INITIATIVE - 2018	• providing it

PAST PLANS

T ROAD REDEVELOPMENT AREA - 2018

DIANAPOLIS - NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTMENT STRATEGY - 2017

IDIANA TRANSIT PLAN - 2016

FRACT PLAN - 2014

•

STREET CORRIDOR PLAN - 2012

<u> DE QUALITY OF LIFE PLAN - 2012</u>

he quality of life for our neighbors by empowering residents and encouraging involvement among community stakeholders

- our diversity and celebrating our rich culture
- the creation of redevelopment areas for economic growth
- the improvement of housing conditions while making neighborhoods more attractive, safe and affordable
- nore educational and recreational opportunities for youth
- providing improved access to transportation, and improving access to health services.

ΡΔςτριδης

• We achieve this vision by collaborating with residents and stakeholders of our neighborhoods as well as city and state wide organizations.

Goals

- 1. Aesthetics & Beautification Create an attractive community by keeping our neighborhoods clean and developing streetscapes, points of interest, and a brand for the community. A friendly environment will attract more business development and future residents, as well as maintaining current residents and businesses.
- 2. Crime & Safety Engage residents, stakeholders, businesses and IMPD in open communication and collaboration to ensure that our neighborhoods are safe.
- 3. Housing Facilitate a more stable community by increasing safe and affordable housing opportunities. Increase home ownership as well as increase occupancy of rental units. Decrease vacant and abandoned housing. Encourage rehab of current rundown apartment buildings to create better living conditions for our residents.
- 4. Economic Development— Develop commercial corridors featuring businesses that provide opportunities for residents. Encourage new business in existing storefronts. Encourage development of infrastructure, pedestrian-friendly sidewalks and streetscapes along commercial corridors.
- 5. Health Initiatives Promote a healthier community by educating residents on healthy habits and healthy environments.
- 6. Resident Engagement—Foster leadership and unity in our neighborhoods amongst residents and stakeholders drawing on assets and opportunities to reach the common goals.
- 7. Transportation Create better accessibility for our residents within our community as well as access to points of interest and employment opportunities throughout Indianapolis and surrounding counties.
- 8. Youth & Education— Create educational and recreational opportunities for youth in a diverse learning environment.



NEAR EASTSIDE QUALITY OF LIFE PLAN - 2008

- THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FOR MARION-COUNTY, INDIANA WARREN TOWNSHIP 2005
- FAR EASTSIDE NEIGHBORHOOD PLAN 1996
- **PENDLETON PIKE CORRIDOR PLAN 1987**
- 38TH & SHADELAND AREA PLAN 1986